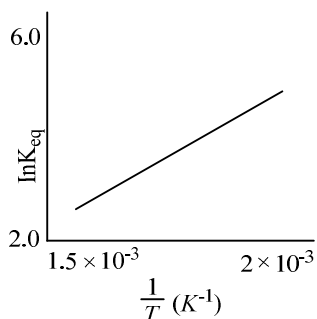
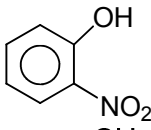
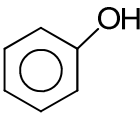
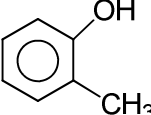
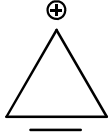
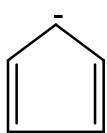
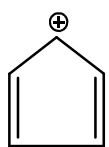
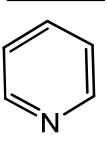


NEET - CHEMISTRY

45. What is the value of frequency at which electromagnetic wave must be propagated for the D-region of atmosphere to have a refractive index of 0.5. Electron density for D-region is 400 electrons/cc
- a) 200 kHz b) 104.2 kHz
c) 208.4 kHz d) 312.6 kHz
46. In which of the following numbers all zeros are significant?
- a) 0.500 b) 30.000 c) 0.00030 d) 0.0050
47. An organic compound contains 49.3% carbon, 6.84% hydrogen and its vapour density is 73. Molecular formula of the compound is
- a) C₃H₅O₂ b) C₄H₁₀O₂ c) C₆H₁₀O₄ d) C₃H₁₀O₂
48. The number of orbitals present in the shell with $n = 4$ is
- a) 8 b) 16 c) 18 d) 32
49. An orbital in which $n = 4$ and $l = 2$ is expressed by
- a) 4s b) 4p c) 4d d) 5p
50. Fluorine has low electron affinity than chlorine because of
- a) Bigger radius of fluorine, less density
b) Smaller radius of fluorine, high density
c) Smaller radius of chlorine, high density
d) Smaller radius of chlorine, less density
51. The bond length of HCl molecule is 1.275 Å and its dipole moment is 1.03 D. The ionic character of the molecule (in per cent) (charge of the electron = 4.8×10^{-10} esu) is
- a) 100 b) 67.3
c) 33.66 d) 16.83
52. sp^3d hybridisation results in
- a) A square planar molecule b) An octahedron molecule
c) A trigonal bipyramidal molecule d) A tetrahedron molecule
- 53.
- | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----|-----------------|-----|-----------------|
| Gas | CO | CH ₄ | HCl | SO ₂ |
| Critical temp, T_c (K) | 134 | 190 | 324 | 430 |
- In the context of given values of critical temperature, the greater ease of liquefaction is of
- a) SO₂ b) HCl c) CH₄ d) CO
54. 2 moles of an ideal gas expanded isothermally and reversibly from 1 L to 10 L at 300 K. What is the enthalpy change?
- a) 4.98 kJ b) 11.47 kJ
c) -11.47 kJ d) 0 kJ
55. A schematic plot of $\ln K_{eq}$ versus inverse of temperature for a reaction is shown below



- The reaction must be
- Highly spontaneous at ordinary temperature
 - One with negligible enthalpy change
 - Endothermic
 - Exothermic
56. In qualitative analysis, in order to detect second group basic radical, H_2S gas is passed in the presence of dilute HCl to
- Increase the dissociation of H_2S
 - Decrease the dissociation of salt solution
 - Decrease the dissociation of H_2S
 - Increase the dissociation of salt solution
57. Oxidation states of X, Y, Z are $+2, +5$ and -2 respectively. Formula of the compound formed by these will be
- X_2YZ_6
 - XY_2Z_6
 - XY_5
 - X_3YZ_4
58. Oxidation state of sulphur in $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ and $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_4\text{O}_6$
- 4 and 6
 - 3 and 5
 - 2 and 2.5
 - 6 and 6
59. In which of the following reactions, H_2O_2 behaves as a reducing agent?
- $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_3(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$
 - $\text{PbO}_2(\text{s}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{PbO}(\text{s}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g})$
 - $2\text{KI}(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2(\text{aq}) \rightarrow 2\text{KOH}(\text{aq}) + \text{I}_2(\text{s})$
 - $\text{KNO}_2(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{KNO}_3(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$
60. Which is not true in respect of beryllium chemistry?
- Beryllium is amphoteric
 - It forms unusual carbide Be_2C
 - $\text{Be}(\text{OH})_2$ is basic
 - Beryllium halides are electron deficient
61. Which is true for an element R present in III group of the periodic table?
- It has oxidation state of $+4$
 - It is gas at room temperature
 - It forms R_2O_3
 - It forms RX_2
62. The correct order of increasing atomic radii, is
- $\text{B} < \text{Al} < \text{Ga}$
 - $\text{Ga} < \text{Al} < \text{B}$

63. Which one of the following compound is most acidic?
- a) $\text{Cl} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{OH}$
- b) 
- c) 
- d) 
64. On mixing a certain alkane with chlorine and irradiating it with UV light, it form one monochloro alkane. The alkane could be
- a) Neopentane
- b) Propane
- c) Pentane
- d) Isopentane
65. Which of the following compounds is not aromatic?
- a) 
- b) 
- c) 
- d) 
66. Photochemical smog is caused by
- a) CO
- b) CO_2
- c) O_3
- d) NO_2
67. A solid compound contains X , Y and Z atoms in a cubic lattice with X atom occupying the corners. Y atoms in the body centred positions and Z atoms at the centres of faces of the unit cell. What is the empirical formula of the compound?
- a) XY_2Z_3
- b) XYZ_3
- c) $\text{X}_2\text{Y}_2\text{Z}_3$
- d) X_8YZ_6
68. For a crystal system $a = b = c$ and $\alpha = \beta = \gamma \neq 90^\circ$
- a) Tetragonal
- b) Hexagonal
- c) Rhombohedral
- d) Monoclinic
69. What happens when an egg is kept in saturated solution of NaCl after removing its hard shell in dilHCl ?
- a) Egg will swell
- b) Egg will shrink
- c) Egg will remain same
- d) Egg will first shrink and then swell
70. On mixing, heptane and octane form an ideal solution. At 373 K, the vapour pressures of the two liquid components (heptanes and octane) are 105 kPa and 45kPa respectively. Vapour pressure of the solution obtained by mixing 25 g of heptanes and 35 g of octane will be (molar mass of heptanes = 100 g mol^{-1} and of octane = 114 g mol^{-1}).
- a) 72.0 kPa
- b) 36.1 kPa
- c) 96.2 kPa
- d) 144.5 kPa
71. The standard reduction potential for the half-cell having reaction

- a) α b) β c) γ d) δ
82. Lucas reagent is
 a) Anhydrous AlCl_3 with concentrated HCl
 b) Anhydrous ZnCl_2 and concentrated H_2SO_4
 c) Anhydrous ZnCl_2 and concentrated HCl
 d) Anhydrous CaCl_2 and concentrated HCl
83. Tertiary alcohols (3°) having at least four carbon atoms upon drastic oxidation yield carboxylic acid with
 a) One carbon atom less
 b) Two carbon atoms less
 c) Three carbon atoms less
 d) All the above three options are correct
84. The reaction of 1 mole each of *p*-hydroxyacetophenone and methyl magnesium iodide will give
 a) $\text{CH}_4 + \text{IMgO}-\text{C}_6\text{H}_4-\text{COCH}_3$
 b) $\text{CH}_3\text{O}-\text{C}_6\text{H}_4-\text{COCH}_3$
 c) $\text{H}_3\text{C}-\overset{\text{OMgI}}{\underset{\text{CH}_3}{\text{C}}}-\text{C}_6\text{H}_4-\text{OH}$
 d) $\text{CH}_3\text{O}-\text{C}_6\text{H}_4-\overset{\text{MgI}}{\text{C}}-\text{COCH}_3$
85. Which of the following cannot be used for following conversion?
 $\text{CH}_3\text{CN} \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2$
 a) Pt/H_2 b) LiAlH_4
 c) $\text{Na}/\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$ d) SnCl_2/HCl
86. $\text{AH}_2\text{NOH} \xrightarrow{\text{B Reduction}} \xrightarrow{\text{C NOCl}} \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$
 In the above sequence A and C are
 a) Methanal, methyl amine
 b) Acetone, ethaneamine
 c) Ethanal, diamethyl amine
 d) Acetaldehyde, ethyl amine
87. The enzyme pepsin hydrolyses
 a) Proteins to amino acids
 b) Fats to fatty acids
 c) Glucose to ethyl alcohol
 d) Polysaccharides to monosaccharides
88. Which of the following is used in vulcanization of rubber?
 a) SF_6 b) CF_4 c) Cl_2F_2 d) C_2F_2
89. Dacron is polymer is
 a) Glycol and formaldehyde

- b) Glycol and phenol
 - c) Glycol and phthalic acid
 - d) Glycol and terephthalic acid
90. Hippuric acid has the formula
- a) $\text{CH}_3\text{CONHCH}_2\text{COOH}$
 - b) $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{CONHCH}_2\text{COOH}$
 - c) $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NHCOOH}$
 - d) $\text{NH}_2\text{CONHCOOH}$